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# الحواشي

1. بما أن موريتانيا والسودان قد أُدرجا ضمن مجموعة المنطقة العربية، فقد تم استبعادهما من مجموعة أفريقيا جنوب الصحراء الكبرى لتجنب الازدواجية في الحساب.
2. ورد في الغاية 17-19 ما يلي: الاستفادة من المبادرات القائمة لوضع مقاييس للتقدم المحرز في تحقيق التنمية المستدامة تكفل الناتج المحلي الإجمالي، ودعم بناء القدرات الإحصائية في البلدان النامية، بحلول عام 2030. تُراجع أداة تتبع أهداف التنمية المستدامة: <https://sdg-tracker.org/global-partnerships>.
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4. يقوم نهج القدرات على تقييم الرفاه الفردي والترتيبات الاجتماعية بالدرجة الأولى استناداً إلى نطاق الحريات التي يتمتع بها الأفراد لتعزيز أو تحقيق الوظائف التي يقدرونها، وعلى فهم هذه الحريات من منطلق قدراتهم. ومن خلال التركيز على القدرات، أي ما يستطيع الأفراد القيام به والمستوى الذي يمكنهم الوصول إليه، يتجاوز هذا النهج ببساطة الحالة الراهنة للأفراد.
5. يستند الإطار المفاهيمي لهذا التقرير إلى دراسة من إعداد الباحث سليم جهان.
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15. Abu-Ismaïl, Hlasny, Jaafar and others, 2022.
16. يقوم الدليل على دمج ثلاثة أبعاد وهي: الاحتياجات الإنسانية الأساسية، وأسس الرفاه، والفرص. ويتضمن كل بُعد أربعة عناصر، يتألف كل منها من نحو ثلاثة إلى خمسة مؤشرات فرعية محددة النتائج. لمزيد من المعلومات، يراجع: <https://www.socialprogress.org/index/global>.
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